

PPP International Equity Fund (USD)

Quarterly Report, Q1 2022
Issue 37



Mar Net Asset Value:	\$14.823
Assets:	\$455k
Inception:	Nov-11

PERFORMANCE

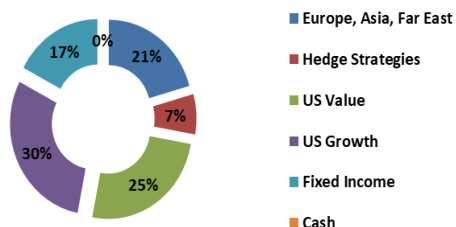
	Fund	Benchmark*
1 Month	-0.46%	1.94%
3 Month	-5.72%	-5.73%
1Yr	6.91%	5.76%
3Yr	16.15%	14.95%

*MSCI All Country World Index (MXWD)

TOP FIVE HOLDINGS

POLEN FOCUS GROWTH STRATEGY	30.12%
ARISTOTLE VALUE EQUITY	26.38%
MS FIXED INCOME STRATEGY	16.79%
OAM ASIAN RECOVERY FUND	9.97%
OAM EUROPEAN VALUE FUND	9.80%

ALLOCATION



The International Opportunities Fund is a sub fund of the RF International Investment fund. Performance shown is for Series 1 shares, and the asset allocation is subject to change without notice and at the discretion of the investment manager, subject to the restrictions outlined in the fund's offering documents. Past performance doesn't guarantee future success.

Risk vs Reward - The Question for 2022

The Fund and global equity markets had a rough March and Q1. The Fund returned -0.46% and -5.72% basis points in March and Q1, respectively versus 1.94% and -5.73% for the benchmark.

In the first quarter, the equity market were off to a rocky start with inflation, economic growth and the trajectory for higher policy interest rates remaining center stage. Russia's invasion of Ukraine and Omicron along with China's zero-COVID policy delayed supply chain normalization while impacting inflation and economic growth expectations. Inflation expectations have kept the Federal Reserve (Fed) center stage as they commenced their interest rate rising cycle in March.

The US unemployment rate dropped from 3.8% in February to 3.6% in March. Wages continue to rise, but have not yet matched the rate of headline inflation. The annual US inflation rate, as measured by the consumer price index, hit 7.9% in February.

The first half of the year will likely to be volatile as markets navigate commodity and economic growth shocks while simultaneously shifting to a higher yield environment.

For major equity indexes, Q1 2022 was the worst quarter in 2 years. Risk off sentiment boosted the U.S. relative to global markets. The MSCI World ex U.S. returned -4.8%, weighed down by weakness in Europe while the MSCI Emerging Market Index returned -7.0%.

Energy and utility companies were amongst the strongest performers in relative terms over the month, outperforming a falling market with modest gains. Technology, communication services and consumer discretionary were amongst the weakest sectors.

We expect volatility to continue throughout the rest of the year as investors weigh the Fed's direction on interest rates, the war in Ukraine and inflation. If inflation reduces and the Fed isn't very aggressive in their rate increase we should see markets be a bit more positive.