# ROYAL FIDELITY (BARBADOS) INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED – STRATEGIC GROWTH FUND

Financial Statements 30 June 2016



Ernst & Young Ltd. P.O. Box 261 Bridgetown, BB11000 Barbados, W.I.

Street Address One Welches Welches St. Thomas, BB22025 Barbados, W.I. Tel: 246 430 3900 Fax: 246 426 9551 246 430 3879 246 430 1352 www.ev.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# To the Shareholders of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Strategic Growth Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Strategic Growth Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as of 30 June 2016, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in net assets attributable to holders of Class C redeemable participating shares and cash flows for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Strategic Growth Fund as of 30 June 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Chartered Accountants
Barbados

28 October 2016

# Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Strategic Growth Fund (Established under the laws of Barbados)

Statement of Financial Position As of 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	2016 \$	2015 \$
ASSETS	-	4
Cash at bank	7,767	9,730
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss [Note 3]	1,794,099	1,641,408
Other assets	2,500	3,050
Total assets	1,804,366	1,654,188
LIABILITIES		
Management fee payable [Note 5(a)]	1,722	1,661
Redemptions payable	1,355	8,068
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,400	6,000
Liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to holders of Class C redeemable participating shares)	0.477	15 720
Class & redeemable participating shares)	9,477	15,729
Net assets attributable to holders of Class C redeemable participating shares [Note 4]	1,794,889	1,638,459

# APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY:

Director	
28 October 2016	
Date	

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	2016 \$	2015 \$
INVESTMENT INCOME	•	·
Net realised loss on financial assets at fair value through		
profit or loss	(718)	(149,438)
Net change in unrealised appreciation/depreciation of financial	(( (12	160 567
assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend	66,613	169,567 3,680
Interest		92
increst		<u> </u>
Total investment income	65,895	23,901
EXPENSES		
Management fee [Note 5(a)]	19,756	20,310
Professional fees	8,284	6,772
Interest	-	68
Other	7,355	6,310
Total expenses	35,395	33,460
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of		
Class C redeemable participating shares	30,500	(9,559)
Attributable to:		
Series C1 redeemable participating shares	11,320	(8,085)
Series C3 redeemable participating shares	19,180	(1,474)
	30,500	(9,559)
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets per redeemable		
participating share [Note 6]		
Series C1 redeemable participating shares	0.01	(0.01)
Series C3 redeemable participating shares	0.02	(0.00)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Class C Redeemable Participating Shares For the Year Ended 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	2016		2015	
	Number	Φ.	Number	ф
	of Shares	\$	of Shares	\$
Series C1 Shares				
Balance as of the beginning of the year	901,746	750,245	1,177,488	987,829
Subscriptions	11,091	9,130	92,223	76,868
Redemptions	(63,059)	(51,928)	(367,965)	(306,367)
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of Series C1 shares		11,320		(8,085)
to holders of Series C1 shares		11,320	<u> </u>	(8,083)
Balance as of the end of the year	849,778	718,767	901,746	750,245
Net asset value per share: \$0.85 (2015: \$0.83)				
Series C3 shares				
Balance as of the beginning of the year	1,058,757	888,214	806,683	679,053
Subscriptions	441,566	368,156	374,167	313,252
Redemptions	(245,460)	(199,428)	(122,093)	(102,617)
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of Series C3 shares	<u> </u>	19,180		(1,474)
Balance as of the end of the year	1,254,863	1,076,122	1,058,757	888,214
Net asset value per share: \$0.86 (2015: \$0.84)				
Balance as of the end of the year	=	1,794,889	=	1,638,459

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	2016 \$	2015 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ψ	Ψ
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(194,025)	(1,772,941)
Proceeds from sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	107,229	1,797,900
Dividends received	-	5,021
Interest received	-	92
Interest paid	-	(68)
Payment of expenses	(34,384)	(33,165)
Net cash used in operating activities	(121,180)	(3,161)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from subscriptions of Class C redeemable participating shares	377,286	390,120
Payments for redemptions of Class C redeemable participating shares	(258,069)	(403,009)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	119,217	(12,889)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,963)	(16,050)
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the year	9,730	25,780
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the year	7,767	9,730
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank	7,767	9,730

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016

### 1. General Information

Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Strategic Growth Fund (the Fund) is a sub fund of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited (the Umbrella Fund), which is incorporated under the Companies Act, 1982 of Barbados and is licensed as a mutual fund under the Mutual Funds Act, 2002.

The Fund is an open-end investment vehicle, which issues Class C redeemable participating shares divided into 3 series of shares, namely Series C1, C2 and C3 [Note 4]. The investment objective of the Fund is to provide a high rate of return through income yield and long term capital appreciation, which it achieves by investing in Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund, an investment holding vehicle of the Umbrella Fund, that invests in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of entities domiciled principally in the Caribbean, including investment funds invested in such equity securities.

The Fund's Class C redeemable participating shares are listed for informational purposes, but not traded, on the Barbados Stock Exchange (BSE), and the registered office of the Umbrella Fund is located at Fidelity House, 27 Pine Road, St. Michael, Barbados. The Fund's activities are managed entirely by service providers [Note 5].

Other sub funds exist under the Umbrella Fund, and individual financial statements are prepared for each sub fund that can be obtained from the registered office of the Umbrella Fund.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 2(f).

New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the Fund

Standards and amendments and interpretations to published standards that became effective for the Fund's financial year beginning on 1 July 2015 were either not relevant or not significant to the Fund's operations and accordingly did not have a material impact on the Fund's accounting policies or financial statements.

New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted by the Fund

The application of new standards and amendments and interpretations to existing standards that have been published but are not yet effective are not expected to have a material impact on the Fund's accounting policies or financial statements in the financial period of initial application.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### (b) Investment entity

The Fund meets the definition of an investment entity defined in IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, which provide an exception to consolidation and equity method requirements for investment entities, with investment entities required to recognise investments in subsidiaries and associates at fair value through profit or loss.

Management has determined that the Fund meets the characteristics of an investment entity, as: it obtains funds from investors for the purposes of providing investment management services; its business purpose, as set out in its offering documents, is to invest for returns from investment income and capital appreciation; and the performance of investments is measured and evaluated on a fair value basis. Further, the Fund effects multiple investments through its holdings in Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund.

Accordingly, investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and measured in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in Note 2(f). These financial statements are the only financial statements presented by the Fund.

### (c) Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Barbados dollars (BDS\$), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing as of the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Translation differences on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are included as a part of the fair value gains and losses.

# (d) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, which is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the investment committee of the Investment Manager.

The investment committee is responsible for the Fund's entire portfolio and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy, and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid financial assets with original contractual maturities of three months or less and drawn-down margin credit facilities provided by banks.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### (f) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets are classified as held for trading or designated by the Directors as at fair value through profit or loss, at inception.

Financial assets held for trading are those acquired principally for the purposes of selling in the short term. Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss have been designated as such by the Directors.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs for all financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at fair value. The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (e.g. international securities exchange) is based on quoted prices as of the last business day of the financial reporting period. The fair value of restricted and other securities that are not traded in active markets is determined using valuation techniques, including comparable recent arm's length transactions, discounted cash flow analyses and other techniques commonly used by market participants. Investments in investment vehicles or investment funds (investee funds) are valued based on the latest available redemption price of such units for each investee fund, as determined by the investee funds' administrators. The Fund reviews the details of the reported information obtained from the investee funds and considers: the liquidity of the investee fund and its underlying investments; the value date of the net asset value provided; any restrictions on redemptions; and the basis of accounting and, in instances where the basis of accounting is other than fair value, fair valuation information provided by the investee funds' advisors. If necessary, the Fund makes adjustments to the net asset value of various investee funds to obtain the best estimate of fair value.

Gains and losses arising from sales and changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial period in which they arise. Realised gains and losses are determined using the average cost method.

### (g) Redeemable participating shares

The Fund issues redeemable participating shares, which are redeemable at the holder's option and are classified as financial liabilities. Redeemable participating shares can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value. The redeemable participating shares are carried at the redemption amount that would be payable as of the date of the statement of financial position if the holders were to exercise the right to put the shares back to the Fund.

Redeemable participating shares are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per share at the time of issue or redemption. The Fund's net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares with the total number of outstanding redeemable participating shares.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### (h) Income and expense recognition

Interest income and expense are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments throughout the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and commissions paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment has been established.

Other income and expenses are recognised on the accrual basis.

#### (i) Taxation

The Fund is licensed as an authorised mutual fund under the Mutual Funds Act, 2002 and is therefore not subject to corporate taxes on income derived from its investing activities, as all income is designated to be income of the redeemable participating shareholders. The Fund's operations do not subject it to taxation in any other jurisdiction.

### (j) Corresponding figures

Where necessary, corresponding figures are adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current period.

### 3. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

The Fund ranks its financial assets based on the hierarchy of valuation techniques required by IFRS, which is determined based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources; unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's market assumptions. These two types of inputs lead to the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. The Fund considers relevant and observable market prices in its valuations where possible.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 3. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Continued)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the date of the statement of financial position. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from the exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2.

Financial instruments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. Level 3 instruments include unlisted securities that have significant unobservable components, including investment entities.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Level 3 Investment entities	1,794,099	1,641,408
Total	1,794,099	1,641,408

As of 30 June 2016, the cost of Level 3 financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is \$1,694,887 (2015: \$1,608,809).

Movements in Level 3 investment funds comprise:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Balance as of the beginning of the year	1,641,408	828,474
Purchases	194,025	1,772,941
Sales	(107,229)	(964,114)
Net realised gain/(loss)	(718)	21,657
Net change in unrealised appreciation/depreciation	66,613	(17,550)
Balance as of the end of the year	1,794,099	1,641,408

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 3. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Continued)

Investment entities comprise the investment in the shares of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund (the Equity Sub Fund). As of 30 June 2016, the Fund owned 1,685,550 (2015: 1,607,332) shares of the Equity Sub Fund, representing 11.38% (2015: 10.68%) of total outstanding shares.

The financial position and performance of the Equity Sub Fund are disclosed in the attached financial statements.

## 4. Share Capital

The authorised share capital of the Fund is unlimited, and currently comprises non-voting Class C redeemable participating shares (redeemable participating shares). Redeemable participating shares fully participate in the profits and losses of the Fund. The Class C redeemable participating shares are divided into 3 series of shares: C1, C2 and C3, and each were initially issued at \$0.89 per share. Thereafter, the Class C redeemable participating shares are issued on the first business day of each calendar month (dealing date) at the net asset value (NAV) per share as of the close of the last business day of the calendar month that precedes the dealing date (valuation date), net of a sales commission of up to 2.00%. The minimum initial investment is \$1,000 with a minimal subsequent investment of \$250.

Income and expenses (other than expenses attributable to a specific series) are allocated to each series of Class C redeemable participating shares based on their relative NAV. Class C redeemable participating shares may be redeemed at the holder's option, upon giving fifteen (15) days prior written notice, at the NAV per share as of the valuation date less a redemption fee of up to 2.00% for Series C1 and C2 (minimum of \$50); no redemption fee is applicable to Series C3. The redemption fee is determined based on the length of time the shares are outstanding, with a higher fee for the shorter the outstanding period. Partial redemptions are permitted provided that the remaining investment of the shareholder is not less than the minimal initial investment for the applicable series, otherwise the Fund can require full redemption.

As of 30 June 2016, related parties owned 332,158 (2015: 312,519) Series C1 shares and 147,756 (2015: 78,028) Series C3 shares.

# 5. Related Party Balances and Transactions

The Fund does not have employees and its activities are directed and managed by the service providers of the Umbrella Fund, all of which are related parties. Related parties include those entities and individuals that have the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the Fund in making financial or operational decisions, and entities that are controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them.

### (a) Investment management

Pursuant to an agreement with the Umbrella Fund dated 24 November 2008, Royal Fidelity Merchant Bank & Trust (Barbados) Limited (the Investment Manager), a bank incorporated and licensed in Barbados, serves as the Fund's investment manager. The Investment Manager is responsible for the implementation of the Fund's investment strategy and has sole responsibility for the investing and reinvesting of the Fund's assets.

The Investment Manager is entitled to a management fee of 1.50%, 1.00% and 1.00% per annum of the NAV of Series C1, Series C2, and Series C3, respectively, payable monthly in arrears. The management fee covers administration and custody fees; accordingly, such fees are included in management fee in the statement of comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 5. Related Party Balances and Transactions

### (a) Investment management (continued)

The Investment Manager is also entitled to receive an incentive fee if the performance of the Fund exceeds the target rate set by the Directors from time to time (the benchmark rate). Should the NAV per share on a valuation date exceed the highest NAV per share on a previous valuation date in the last 12 months plus the cumulative benchmark rate for each of the months since that point in time, the Investment Manager is entitled to an incentive fee equal to twenty percent (20.00%) of the excess return. For the purposes of calculating the incentive fee, NAV per share is the amount calculated after deducting management fees and before incentive fee. The benchmark rate for the year ended 30 June 2016 was 6.50% (2015: 6.50% per annum) and since the Fund's inception the Investment Manager has not earned incentive fees.

The management fee expense during the period totaled \$10,869 and \$8,887 (2015: \$12,647 and \$7,663) for Series C1 and Series C3, respectively.

### (b) Administration

Pursuant to an agreement with the Umbrella Fund dated 24 November 2008, Royal Fidelity Capital Markets (Barbados) Limited (the Administrator), a company incorporated and licensed in Barbados, serves as the Fund's administrator. The Administrator is entitled to an administration fee, which is paid out of the management fee.

### (c) Custody

Pursuant to an agreement with the Umbrella Fund dated 24 November 2008, Royal Bank of Canada Financial Corporation (the Custodian), a bank incorporated and licensed in Barbados and an affiliate of the Investment Manager, serves as the Fund's primary custodian and escrow agent. The Custodian is entitled to a custodian fee, which is paid out of the management fee.

### (d) Directors and officers

Certain directors of the Fund are also directors or officers of the Investment Manager and its subsidiaries; and the Custodian.

### (e) Cash at bank and margin credit facility

The Fund has demand deposit accounts with the Investment Manager, which earn interest at a rate of 1.25% per annum for balances greater than \$10,000. As of 30 June 2016, the balances totaled \$7,767 (2015: \$9,730). Interest income earned during the year on the deposits totaled \$Nil (2015: \$92).

The Fund has a line of credit of \$500,000 with the Investment Manager, which incurs interest at a rate of 6.00% per annum. The Fund has pledged its financial assets in support of this margin credit facility. Interest expense incurred for use of the facility during the year amounted to \$Nil (2015: \$68).

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 5. Related Party Balances and Transactions (Continued)

### (f) Other

The Fund has other related party balances and transactions through its investment in the Equity Sub Fund, the financial statements of which are attached.

# 6. Increase/(Decrease) in Net Assets per Redeemable Participating Share

Increase/(Decrease) in net assets per redeemable participating share is calculated by dividing the increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares by the weighted average number of redeemable participating shares during the year. The weighted average number of outstanding Series C1 and C3 redeemable participating shares during the year amounted to 887,007 and 1,075,596 (2015: 1,012,914 and 914,750), respectively.

## 7. Financial Risk Management

The Fund engages in transactions that expose it to market risk (which includes price, currency and interest rate risks), credit risk and liquidity risk in the normal course of operations. The Fund's financial performance is affected by its ability to understand and effectively manage these risks.

The Fund's Investment Manager is responsible for identifying and managing risks. The Directors monitor the Investment Manager and are ultimately responsible for the overall financial risk management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is performed through the establishment of limits by the Directors, which reflect the business strategy, including the level of risk that the Fund is willing to accept and the market environment in which the Fund operates. In addition, the Fund monitors and measures the overall level of risk in relation to the aggregate risk exposure across all risk types and activities.

The Fund invests solely in the Equity Sub Fund that has an investment objective that is consistent with that of the Fund, which results in the Fund being indirectly exposed to market, credit and liquidity risks of the Equity Sub Fund. These risks are disclosed in Note 6 of the attached financial statements of the Equity Sub Fund.

### Concentration of risks

Concentration of risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Fund's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location, and arises: when a significant proportion of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty; or where a significant proportion of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or that have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of liquidity risk arises from the repayment terms of financial liabilities, sources of borrowing facilities or reliance on a particular market in which to realise liquid assets. Concentration of foreign exchange risk arises when the Fund has a significant net open position in a single foreign currency, or aggregate net open positions in several currencies that are historically positively correlated.

To mitigate excessive concentration of risk, the Fund's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to maintain appropriate diversification.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 7. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair values and/or amounts realised on sales of financial instruments may fluctuate significantly as a result of changes in market prices. The price risk of the portfolio of financial assets is managed through diversification of the investment portfolio of the Equity Sub Fund. The asset allocation guidelines of the Fund and the Equity Sub Fund are recommended by the Investment Manager and approved by the Directors.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair values and/or amounts realised on sales of financial instruments or the settlement of financial liabilities may fluctuate due to change in foreign exchange rates. The Fund is indirectly exposed to currency risk through its investment in the Equity Sub Fund.

Interest rate risk

Fair value and cash flow interest rate risks are the risks that the fair values or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund is indirectly exposed to interest rate risk through its investment in the Equity Sub Fund.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that is entered into with the Fund. The Fund is exposed to credit risk both indirectly through its investment in the Equity Sub Fund, and directly through cash balances and securities held in custody, which are placed with financial institutions in good standing with the relevant regulators.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund is unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they come due. The Fund is exposed to monthly redemptions of Class C redeemable participating shares, however its financial assets are generally longer term. The Fund has the ability to redeem its positions in the Equity Sub Fund on a monthly basis to meet payment obligations, subject to the liquidity risk of the Equity Sub Fund. Further, the Fund has the ability to borrow in the short term using its financial assets as collateral.

All financial liabilities are due on demand, however amounts owing to Class C redeemable participating shareholders are not expected to be demanded in the short term as shareholders typically retain such shares for the medium to long term. All financial assets are current, and either due on demand or within one month.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 8. Capital Management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable participating shares. The amount of net assets attributable to these shareholders can change significantly on a monthly basis, as the Fund is subject to monthly subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of the shareholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund:

- · monitors the level of monthly subscriptions and redemptions relative to financial assets it expects to be able to liquidate within one month.
- issues new shares and redeems existing shares in accordance with the constitutional documents of the Fund, which include the ability to restrict redemptions and require certain minimum holdings and subscriptions.

The Directors and the Investment Manager monitor capital of the Fund on the basis of the value of net assets attributable to redeemable participating shareholders.

# ROYAL FIDELITY (BARBADOS) INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED – EQUITY FUND

Financial Statements 30 June 2016



Ernst & Young Ltd. P.O. Box 261 Bridgetown, BB11000 Barbados, W.I.

Street Address One Welches Welches St. Thomas, BB22025 Barbados, W.I. Tel: 246 430 3900 Fax: 246 426 9551 246 430 3879 246 430 1352 www.ev.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

## To the Shareholders of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited - Equity Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as of 30 June 2016, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund as of 30 June 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Chartered Accountants
Barbados

28 October 2016

# Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund (Established under the laws of Barbados)

Statement of Financial Position As of 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

A COPIEC	2016 \$	2015 \$
ASSETS Cash at bank Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss [Note 3]	237,170 15,537,685	503,096 14,861,894
Total assets	15,774,855	15,364,990
LIABILITIES Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,937	-
Liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares)	2,937	
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares [Note 4]	15,771,918	15,364,990

APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY:

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Director	
28 October 2016	
Date	

Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	2016 \$	2015 \$
INVESTMENT INCOME	•	·
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through		
profit or loss	342,647	(8,037)
Dividend	229,510	127,835
Interest	1,134	1,308
Net change in unrealised appreciation/depreciation of financial		
assets at fair value through profit or loss	95,041	198,582
Foreign exchange loss	(4,325)	
Total investment income	664,007	319,688
EXPENSES		
Professional fees	10,028	-
Interest	172	59
Other	12,149	
Total expenses	22,349	59
Profit before tax	641,658	319,629
Withholding taxes	(4,671)	
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of		
redeemable participating shares	636,987	319,629

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares For the Year Ended 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	2016		2015	
	Number of Shares	\$	Number of Shares	\$
Balance as of the beginning of the period	15,046,187	15,364,990	-	-
Subscriptions	217,040	225,194	16,632,683	16,642,156
Redemptions	(445,873)	(455,253)	(1,586,496)	(1,596,795)
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares		636,987		319,629
Balance as of the end of the period	14,817,354	15,771,918	15,046,187	15,364,990

Net asset value per share: \$1.06 (2015: \$1.02)

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2016 (Expressed in Barbados dollars)

	<b>2016</b> \$	2015 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(4,068,329)	(15,703,662)
Proceeds from sales of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,830,226	1,032,313
Dividends received, net of withholding taxes	224,839	127,835
Interest received	1,134	1,308
Interest paid	(172)	(59)
Payment of expenses	(23,565)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(35,867)	(14,542,265)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from subscriptions of redeemable participating shares	225,194	16,642,156
Payments for redemptions of redeemable participating shares	(455,253)	(1,596,795)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities	(230,059)	15,045,361
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(265,926)	503,096
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the period	503,096	<del>-</del>
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	237,170	503,096
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at bank	237,170	503,096

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016

### 1. General Information

Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited – Equity Fund (the Fund) is an investment holding vehicle for Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited (the Umbrella Fund), which is incorporated under the Companies Act, 1982 of Barbados and is licensed as a mutual fund under the Mutual Funds Act, 2002.

The Fund's investment objective is to provide a high rate of return through income yield and long term capital appreciation, which it achieves by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of entities domiciled principally in the Caribbean, including investment funds invested in such equity securities.

The registered office of the Umbrella Fund is located at Fidelity House, 27 Pine Road, St. Michael, Barbados. The Fund's activities are managed entirely by the Umbrella Fund's service providers [Note 5].

Sub funds exist under the Umbrella Fund, and individual financial statements are prepared for each sub fund that can be obtained from the registered office of the Umbrella Fund.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Note 2(e).

New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the Fund

Standards and amendments and interpretations to published standards that became effective for the Fund's financial year beginning on 1 July 2015 were either not relevant or not significant to the Fund's operations and accordingly did not have a material impact on the Fund's accounting policies or financial statements.

New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted by the Fund

The application of new standards and amendments and interpretations to existing standards that have been published but are not yet effective are not expected to have a material impact on the Fund's accounting policies or financial statements in the financial period of initial application.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### (b) Investment entity

The Fund meets the definition of an investment entity defined in IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, which provide an exception to consolidation and equity method requirements for investment entities, with investment entities required to recognise investments in subsidiaries and associates at fair value through profit or loss.

Management has determined that the Fund meets the characteristics of an investment entity, as: it obtains funds from investors for the purposes of providing investment management services; its business purpose, as set out in its offering documents, is to invest for returns from investment income and capital appreciation; and the performance of investments is measured and evaluated on a fair value basis. Further, the Fund effects multiple investments through its holdings in equity securities and investment funds.

Accordingly, investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and measured in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in Note 2(e). These financial statements are the only financial statements presented by the Fund.

### (c) Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Barbados dollars (BDS\$), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency. The Fund's investment activities are conducted principally in BDS\$ and United States dollars (US\$).

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing as of the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Translation differences on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are included as a part of the fair value gains and losses.

### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid financial assets with original contractual maturities of three months or less and drawn-down margin credit facilities provided by banks.

# (e) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets are classified as held for trading or designated by the Directors as at fair value through profit or loss, at inception.

Financial assets held for trading are those acquired principally for the purposes of selling in the short term. Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss have been designated as such by the Directors.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### (e) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs for all financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at fair value. The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (e.g. international securities exchange) is based on quoted prices as of the last business day of the financial reporting period. The fair value of restricted and other securities that are not traded in active markets is determined using valuation techniques, including comparable recent arm's length transactions, discounted cash flow analyses and other techniques commonly used by market participants. Investments in investment funds (investee funds) are valued based on the latest available redemption price of such units for each investee fund, as determined by the investee funds' administrators. The Fund reviews the details of the reported information obtained from the investee funds and considers: the liquidity of the investee fund and its underlying investments; the value date of the net asset value provided; any restrictions on redemptions; and the basis of accounting and, in instances where the basis of accounting is other than fair value, fair valuation information provided by the investee funds' advisors. If necessary, the Fund makes adjustments to the net asset value of various investee funds to obtain the best estimate of fair value.

Gains and losses arising from sales and changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial period in which they arise. Realised gains and losses are determined using the average cost method.

### (f) Redeemable participating shares

The Fund issues redeemable participating shares, which are redeemable at the holder's option and are classified as financial liabilities. Redeemable participating shares can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value. The redeemable participating shares are carried at the redemption amount that would be payable as of the date of the statement of financial position if the holders were to exercise the right to put the shares back to the Fund.

Redeemable participating shares are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per share at the time of issue or redemption. The Fund's net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares with the total number of outstanding redeemable participating shares.

### (g) Income and expense recognition

Interest income and expense are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments throughout the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and commissions paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### (g) Income and expense recognition (continued)

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment has been established.

Other income and expenses are recognised on the accrual basis.

### (h) Taxation

The Fund is licensed as an authorised mutual fund under the Mutual Funds Act, 2002 and is therefore not subject to corporate taxes on income derived from its investing activities, as all income is designated to be income of the redeemable participating shareholders. The Fund incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains for investments domiciled in those countries. Such income and gains are recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income, and withholding taxes are shown as a separate line item.

### (i) Corresponding figures

Where necessary, corresponding figures are adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current period. The corresponding period represents the period from 1 November 2014 (date of establishment) to 30 June 2015.

### 3. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

The Fund ranks its financial assets based on the hierarchy of valuation techniques required by IFRS, which is determined based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources; unobservable inputs reflect the Fund's market assumptions. These two types of inputs lead to the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).

Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. The Fund considers relevant and observable market prices in its valuations where possible.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 3. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the date of the statement of financial position. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from the exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2.

Financial instruments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. Level 3 instruments include unlisted securities that have significant unobservable components, including investment funds.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Level 2 Equity securities	7,291,299	5,623,758
Level 3 Investment funds	8,246,386	9,238,136
Total	15,537,685	14,861,894

As of 30 June 2016, the cost of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is \$15,244,062 (2015: \$14,663,312), of which \$8,572,752 (2015: \$9,187,630) represents Level 3 securities.

Movements in Level 3 investment funds comprise:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Balance as of the beginning of the period	9,238,136	-
Purchases	400,000	9,187,630
Sales	(1,029,382)	-
Net realised gain/(loss)	14,504	-
Net change in unrealised appreciation/depreciation	(376,872)	50,506
Balance as of the end of the period	8,246,386	9,238,136

Investment funds comprise the investments in redeemable participating shares of related party funds [Note 5].

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 4. Share Capital

The authorised share capital of the Fund is unlimited, and currently comprises non-voting redeemable participating shares (redeemable participating shares). Redeemable participating shares fully participate in the profits and losses of the Fund.

The redeemable participating shares were initially issued at \$1.00 per share. Thereafter, redeemable participating shares are issued on the first business day of each calendar month (dealing date) at the net asset value (NAV) per share as of the close of the last business day of the calendar month that precedes the dealing date (valuation date). Redeemable participating shares may be redeemed at the holder's option, upon giving fifteen (15) days prior written notice, at the NAV per share as of the valuation date.

As of 30 June 2016 and 2015, all of the redeemable participating shares are owned by Strategic Growth Fund and Select Balanced Fund (the sub funds), which are sub funds of the Umbrella Fund.

## 5. Related Party Balances and Transactions

The Fund does not have employees and its activities are directed and managed by the service providers of the Umbrella Fund, all of which are related parties. Related parties include those entities and individuals that have the ability to control or exercise significant influence over the Fund in making financial or operational decisions, and entities that are controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them.

# (a) Investment management

Pursuant to an agreement with the Umbrella Fund dated 24 November 2008, Royal Fidelity Merchant Bank & Trust (Barbados) Limited (the Investment Manager), a bank incorporated and licensed in Barbados, serves as the Fund's investment manager. The Investment Manager is responsible for the implementation of the Fund's investment strategy and has sole responsibility for the investing and reinvesting of the Fund's assets.

The fees charged by the Investment Manager for services rendered to the Fund are borne directly by the sub funds.

### (b) Administration

Pursuant to an agreement with the Umbrella Fund dated 24 November 2008, Royal Fidelity Capital Markets (Barbados) Limited (the Administrator), a company incorporated and licensed in Barbados, serves as the Fund's administrator. The Administrator is entitled to an administration fee, which is paid out of the management fee.

### (c) Custody

Pursuant to an agreement with the Umbrella Fund dated 24 November 2008, Royal Bank of Canada Financial Corporation (the Custodian), a bank incorporated and licensed in Barbados and an affiliate of the Investment Manager, serves as the Fund's primary custodian and escrow agent. The Custodian is entitled to a custodian fee, which is paid out of the management fee.

### (d) Directors and officers

Certain directors of the Fund are also directors or officers of the Investment Manager and its subsidiaries; and the Custodian.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 5. Related Party Balances and Transactions (Continued)

### (e) Cash at bank and margin credit facility

The Fund has demand deposit accounts with the Investment Manager, which earn interest at a rate of 1.25% per annum for balances greater than \$10,000. As of 30 June 2016, the balances totaled \$237,170 (2015: \$503,096). Interest income earned during the period on the deposits totaled \$1,134 (2015: \$1,308).

The Fund has a line of credit with the Investment Manager up to 50.00% of the fair value of its financial assets, which incurs interest at a rate of 6.00% per annum. The Fund has pledged its financial assets in support of this margin credit facility. Interest expense incurred for use of the facility during the period amounted to \$172 (2015: \$59).

### (f) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

As of 30 June 2016, the Fund has investments in securities of related parties classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which comprise:

	<b>2016</b> \$	2015 \$
Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited –		
Index Linked Sub Fund TIGRS A2	-	1,046,917
Royal Fidelity (Barbados) Investment Fund Limited –		
Index Linked Sub Fund TIGRS A3	1,290,300	1,276,353
Royal Fidelity International Investment Fund Limited –		
Hedge Strategies Sub Fund	594,795	201,616
Royal Fidelity International Investment Fund Limited –		
International Opportunities Sub Fund	6,361,291	6,713,250
	8,246,386	9,238,136

### 6. Financial Risk Management

The Fund engages in transactions that expose it to market risk (which includes price, currency and interest rate risks), credit risk and liquidity risk in the normal course of operations. The Fund's financial performance is affected by its ability to understand and effectively manage these risks.

The Fund's Investment Manager is responsible for identifying and managing risks. The Directors monitor the Investment Manager and are ultimately responsible for the overall financial risk management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is performed through the establishment of limits by the Directors, which reflect the business strategy, including the level of risk that the Fund is willing to accept and the market environment in which the Fund operates. In addition, the Fund monitors and measures the overall level of risk in relation to the aggregate risk exposure across all risk types and activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

Concentration of risks

Concentration of risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Fund's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location, and arises: when a significant proportion of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty; or where a significant proportion of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographical region, or that have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of liquidity risk arises from the repayment terms of financial liabilities, sources of borrowing facilities or reliance on a particular market in which to realise liquid assets. Concentration of foreign exchange risk arises when the Fund has a significant net open position in a single foreign currency, or aggregate net open positions in several currencies that are historically positively correlated.

To mitigate excessive concentration of risk, the Fund's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to maintain appropriate diversification.

### (a) Market risk

Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair values and/or amounts realised on sales of financial instruments may fluctuate significantly as a result of changes in market prices. Price risk arises from the Fund's investments in equity securities and investment funds, and is managed through diversification of the portfolio, with asset allocation guidelines recommended by the Investment Manager and approved by the Directors.

The effect on the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss due to changes in market prices of 1.00%, will all other variables held constant, is as follows:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Equity securities Investment funds	72,913 82,464	56,238 92,381
	155,377	148,619

The Fund has significant geographical concentration risk, with approximately 51.94% (2015: 53.47%) of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss representing issuers of securities domiciled in Barbados, and 44.77% (2015: 46.53%) representing issuers of securities domiciled in the Commonwealth of The Bahamas. All other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represent issuers of securities domiciled in other Caribbean countries.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

### (a) Market risk (continued)

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair values and/or amounts realised on sales of financial instruments or the settlement of financial liabilities may fluctuate due to change in foreign exchange rates. The Fund is directly exposed to currency risk through its investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss denominated in foreign currencies, predominantly the US\$. However, this risk is mitigated because the BDS\$:US\$ exchange rate is fixed at 2:1. The remaining currencies are not hedged, but are not considered to be significant exposures.

(Expressed in Barbados dollars)	BDS\$	TT\$ \$	US\$ \$	Total \$
As of 30 June 2016 Cash at bank Financial assets at fair value	202,720	34,450	-	237,170
through profit or loss	8,070,265	511,334	6,956,086	15,537,685
	8,272,985	545,784	6,956,086	15,774,855
As of 30 June 2015 Cash at bank Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	503,096	-	-	503,096
	7,947,028		6,914,866	14,861,894
	8,450,124		6,914,866	15,364,990

Interest rate risk

Fair value and cash flow interest rate risks are the risks that the fair values or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its fair value risk through its cash at bank that earn interest at fixed rates. The Fund has elected not to hedge its exposure to fair value interest rate risk, and considers it to be minimal, as it maintains cash solely for liquidity purposes.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that is entered into with the Fund. The Fund's investment strategy exposes it to credit risk. All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

Further, cash balances and securities held in custody are placed with financial institutions in good standing with the relevant regulators.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 June 2016 (Continued)

### 6. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund is unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they come due. The Fund is exposed to monthly redemptions of redeemable participating shares, however its financial assets are generally longer term. The Fund has the ability to liquidate/redeem its positions on a daily basis for exchange traded securities, subject to concentration risk, and on a monthly basis for non-exchange traded investment funds to meet payment obligations, as financial assets are principally considered to be marketable and can be sold/redeemed in response to liquidity needs. Further, the Fund has the ability to borrow in the short term using its financial assets as collateral.

All financial liabilities are due on demand, however amounts owing to redeemable participating shareholders are not expected to be demanded in the short term as shareholders typically retain such shares for the medium to long term. All financial assets are current, and either due on demand or within one month.

### 7. Capital Management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable participating shares. The amount of net assets attributable to these shareholders can change significantly on a monthly basis, as the Fund is subject to monthly subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of the shareholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund:

- · monitors the level of monthly subscriptions and redemptions relative to financial assets it expects to be able to liquidate within one month.
- issues new shares and redeems existing shares in accordance with the constitutional documents of the Fund, which include the ability to restrict redemptions and require certain minimum holdings and subscriptions.

The Directors and the Investment Manager monitor capital of the Fund on the basis of the value of net assets attributable to redeemable participating shareholders.